Overview: English Language Arts curriculum is developed to provide comprehensive and differentiated instruction and practice for all learners. Effective English Language Arts routines are based upon research and best practices and integrate a multi-discipline approach to ensure that all students make meaningful connections between literacy and other content areas. The goal of literacy instruction is to promote critical thinking, reading proficiency, writing proficiency, and the communication skills necessary to thrive in a global and technological society.

Unit 1 Coming	to America <u>Unit 2 Bui</u>	Iding a Democracy Unit 3	The Individual and Society	Unit 4 Approaching Realism
Overview	Reading	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
<u>Unit 1</u>	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:
	RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1 RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2 RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3 RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4 RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.6	W.11-12.2.A,B,C,D,E,F W.11-12.3 W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.10	SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3 SL.11-12.4 SL.11-12.6	L. 11-12.1.A L.11-12.2.A,B L.11-12.3.A L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D L.11-12.5.A,B L.11-12.6
	WIDA Standards 1, 2, 5	Select at least one from: W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9		L.11-12.0
	 Text Type: At least one extended text 3-5 short texts 	 Writing Focus: Informative writing Explanatory writing Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard) Routine Writing 	Task type: • Conduct discussions • Report finding	Skill focus:Study and apply grammarStudy and apply vocabulary
<u>Unit 2</u>	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:
	RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1 RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2 RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3 RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4 RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.5 RI.11-12.6 RI.11-12.7 RI.11-12.7 RI.11-12.8 RI.11-12.9 WIDA Standards 1, 2, 5	W.11-12.1.A,B,C,D,E W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6 W.11-12.10 Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9.A,B	SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3 SL.11-12.4 SL.11-12.5 SL.11-12.6	L. 11-12.1.A L.11-12.2.A,B L.11-12.3.A L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D L.11-12.5.A,B L.11-12.6
	 Text Type: At least one extended text 3-5 short texts 	 Writing Focus: Argumentative writing Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard) Routine Writing 	Task type:Conduct discussionsReport finding	Skill focus:Study and apply grammarStudy and apply vocabulary

		Grade 11		
<u>Unit 3</u>	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:
<u>Onit 3</u>	RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1 RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.2 RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.3 RL.11-12.4 RI.11-12.4 RL.11-12.5 RI.11-12.5 RL.11-12.6 RI.11-12.6 RL.11-12.7 RL.11-12.7 WIDA Standards 1, 2, 4, 5	W.11-12.3.A,B,C,D,E W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6 W.11-12.10 Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9	SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3 SL.11-12.4 SL.11-12.5 SL.11-12.6	L. 11-12.1.A L.11-12.2.A,B L.11-12.3.A L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D L.11-12.5.A,B L.11-12.6
	Text Type:At least one extended text3-5 short texts	 Writing Focus: Narrative writing Research writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard) Routine Writing 	Task type:Conduct discussionsReport finding	Skill focus:Study and apply grammarStudy and apply vocabulary
<u>Unit 4</u>	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:	Primary Focus NJSLS:
	RL.11-12.1 RI.11-12.1 RL.11-12.2 RI.11-12.3 RL.11-12.3 RI.11-12.10 RL.11-12.4 RL.11-12.5 RL.11-12.6 RL.11-12.9 RL.11-12.10 WIDA Standards 1, 2, 5	W.11-12.2.A,B,C,D,E,F W.11-12.4 W.11-12.5 W.11-12.6 W.11-12.10 Select at least one from W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8, W.11-12.9	SL.11-12.1.A,B,C,D SL.11-12.2 SL.11-12.3 SL.11-12.4 SL.11-12.5 SL.11-12.6	L. 11-12.1.A L.11-12.2.A,B L.11-12.3.A L.11-12.4.A,B,C,D L.11-12.5.A,B L.11-12.6
	Text Type: • At least one extended text • 3-5 short texts	 Writing Focus: Informative writing Explanatory writing Research writing Routine Writing (Choose at least one as a focus standard) 	Task type:Conduct discussionsReport finding	Skill focus:Study and apply grammarStudy and apply vocabulary

English Language Arts Grade 11

Unit 1 Grade 11		
Unit 1 Reading Standards Unit 1 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills		
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	 Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias) Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience Support inference using several examples from the text Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	 Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development Use the text to draw conclusions Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text (and provides depth and dimension) Construct an objective summary of the text
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	 RL.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story RI.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc.) of the text Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text

Grade 11		
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.) RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which	 RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point a factor of the factor	 Assess figurative meaning Assess connotative meaning Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon) Identify tone of text Explain how word choice creates tone Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text
grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	 Identify and assess the point of view Determine what the text literally and figuratively states Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose RI.11-12.6: Determine the author is overall purpose Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose. Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text

Grade	
Unit 1 Writing Standards	Unit 1 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills
 W.11-12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.11-12.1.A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.1.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.1.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.1.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.1.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.1.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). 	 Effectively select, organize, and analyze content Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information are needed Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose Supply evidence in order to inform the audience Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and accurately Introduce a topic by arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships Decide what organization is most effective for purpose, audience, and task Choose a formal style and objective tone Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogies Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	 Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	 Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	 Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration Link and cite sources Create shared writing products Adapt writing according to feedback Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software Assess feedback from peers

English Language Arts Grade 11

Grade	11
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	 Conduct short and more sustained research projects Conduct research drawing on multiple sources Understand steps of an investigation Develop an inquiry question Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content Gather print and digital information
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and over reliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	 Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source Paraphrase correctly Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)
 W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]"). 	 Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research. Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision

Grade 11		
	Unit 1 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills	
 Unit 1 Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed. SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. 	 Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions Prepare for discussions Read and research materials beforehand Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion Refer to evidence from texts and other research Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity Set guidelines for class discussions Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities. Self-monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity discuss and question the argument and evidence Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard Respond thoughtfully Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments 	
 SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used. 	 Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning Engage as an active listener and participant 	
SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	 Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion Consider and address opposing viewpoints Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to the purpose and audience Present information clearly, concisely, and logically Use correct eye contact Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose Speak with clear pronunciation 	

Grade II		
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	 Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary 	
Unit 1 Language Standards	Unit 1 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills	
L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.	 Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking Understand that language and appropriate usage changes Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation 	
L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions. L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly.	 Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling 	
 L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts. 	 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work Write using a variety of different syntaxes 	
 L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 	 Use context clues to derive word meaning Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words Trace the etymology of words 	
 L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	 Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk) 	

Grade	11
L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. Additional Standards	 Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career
21st Century Life and Career Standards describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success.	<u>Career Ready Practices</u> U.S. Department of labor <u>Occupational Outlook Handbook</u> Occupational Information Network <u>O*NET</u> <u>New Jersey Student Learning Standards Standard 9 21st Century Life and Careers</u>
World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Standards Framework and its Theoretical Foundations. WIDA draws on multiple theories and approaches in an effort to describe language use in academic contexts; this is the language that language learners must acquire and negotiate to participate successfully in school.	WIDA Proficiency Standards Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards

This English Language Arts (ELA) curriculum is designed to meet the needs of all learners: Level I (Special Education, Special Education Modified/General); Level II (College Preparatory); and Level III (Honors). Differentiation, modifications, accommodations, and enrichment suggestions are provided within this curricular framework.

Grade 11 Unit 1: Coming to America

Collections 1 and 6 Essential Questions

- What does it mean to be an American?
- What do different individual Americans bring to the whole country?
- Essential Questions for the CCSS Anchor Standards

District/School Formative Assessment Plan	District/School Summative Assessment Plan
 Houghton Mifflin Harcourt <i>Collections 11</i> <u>Collections Text ELA Practice Test 1</u> (Supports PARCC assessment) Teacher Created Formative Assessments: Such as <u>3 2 1 formative assessment, Exit/Admit Tickets/ One Minute Responses</u>, Short Answer Response Questions, Quick Writes, Quick Quizzes, <u>K.W.L.S</u>. 	 LinkIt! English 3 Form A (Supports PARCC assessment) Teacher Created Summative Assessment <u>Collection 1 Printable Test 1</u> Online Program Assessments Task 1 Research Focus Piece(<i>See Writing Primary Focus</i>) Task 2 Author's Craft Analytical Essay (<i>See Writing Primary Focus</i>) <i>Focus</i>)

Grade 11		
 Short Constructed Response questions demonstrating connections of text to itself, text to relevant personal experience, text to text, and text to world. Performance task assignments following each piece in the section 		
(Mywritesmart, <i>Collections</i> Text pgs 20,33,70,72,76,85,94, and 101)		
District/School Texts	District/School Supplementary Resources	
 Collections Grade 11 and Close Reader (consumable) Required: Collection 1 "Of Plymouth Plantation" Lexile 1440 Independent Reading Novel- See choices under differentiated texts Required: Collection 6 Arthur Miller The Crucible Lexile 1320 And one or more of the following from Collection 1: "From the General History of Virginia" (Close Reader) Lexile 1680 "Mother Tongue" (Close Reader) Lexile 1120 "Indian Boy Love Song #2" (Close Reader) "Blaxicans and other Reinvented Americans" Lexile 1040 Differentiated Levels of Texts: Level I 	 Collections Supplements: Close Reader consumable Collections Teacher Resources 1 & 6:(Online Resource requires Login) -History.com -A&E -Channel One News -HMHFYI.com -Interactive Lessons Level Up Tutorials Collections Writing Resources (Online Resource requires Login) Web Resources: Actively Learn <u>https://read.activelylearn.com</u> Adolescent Literature <u>http://www.adlit.org/</u> Audio Books Synchttp://audiobooksync.com/ Common Lit Reading CommonLit Free Reading Passages and Literacy Resources 	
 Native American Society on the Eve of British Colonization <u>https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/</u> <u>703787/notes</u> Ngozi, "Chimamanda-The Danger of a Single Story" <u>https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/</u> <u>744513/notes</u> Sherman Alexie <i>The Absolutely True Diary of a Part-time Indian</i> Lexile 600 	 Core Standards Appendix A <u>http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_B.pdf</u> Core Standards Appendix C <u>http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_C.pdf</u> Edmodo www.edmodo.com Free Rice Freerice.com Internet4Classrooms Internet4Classrooms Kahoot www.kahoot.com Khan Academy <u>https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities</u> 	

English Language Arts Grade 11

Grade	
Level II	Lexile Ranges by Grade Lexile Ranges By Grade
• "New research shows how Native American mascots reinforce	Media Center Database Resources <u>WTHS DATABASES 2017-2018</u>
stereotypes"	 News ELA <u>www.Newsela.com</u>
https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/	• No More Red Ink <u>https://www.noredink.com/</u>
699951/notes	PBS Learning Media <u>https://www.pbslearningmedia.org/</u>
• Ngozi, "Chimamanda-The Danger of a Single Story"-	Purdue Owl <u>https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/</u>
https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/	Quizlet <u>www.quizlet.com</u>
744513/notes	Read Write Think <u>www.readwritethink.com</u>
• Dickinson, Emily: "I'm Nobody! Who are You?"	Root Words <u>http://mseffie.com/assignments/roots/roots.html</u>
https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/	 SAT Prep <u>www.satprep.com</u> Scholastic <u>https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/search-</u>
738458/notes	 Scholastic <u>https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/search-</u> results/?search=1&filters=&text=9-12
Myths About Immigration	 Teen Ink teenink.com
https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/	 Teen Reads <u>https://www.teenreads.com/</u>
730211/notes	 Think CERCA ThinkCERCA Personalized Close Reading &
• Sherman Alexie <i>The Absolutely True Diary of a Part-time Indian</i>	Argumentative Writing
Lexile 600	Tween Tribune <u>www.tweentribune.com</u>
	• Utah Education Network <u>https://www.uen.org/7-</u>
Level III	12interactives/lang_arts.shtml
• D' Errico, Peter: "Native American Indian Studies - A Note on	• Vocabulary <u>Vocabulary</u>
Names ": http://www.umass.edu/legal/derrico/name.html	Vocabulary Test Vocabulary Tests and Games on VocabTest.com
Myths About Immigration	<u>- Free Vocabulary</u>
https://read.activelylearn.com/#teacher/reader/authoring/preview/	• TheWeek <u>theweek.com</u>
730211/notes	• YouTube <u>www.youtube.com</u>
 Nathaniel Hawthorne <i>The Scarlet Letter</i> Lexile 1280 	
• Nathamer Hawmorne The Scutter Letter Lexite 1200	<u>Grade-Specific Novels and Other Selections</u> (to be implemented at
Optional: Collection 1	Teacher's discretion)
• "Coming of age in the Dawnland" Lexile 1290	Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources
 Excerpt: <i>The Tempest</i> William Shakespeare 	https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/
 "Balboa" Lexile 920 	
 "Why I wrote the Crucible" Arthur Miller New Yorker Editorial 	WIDA Proficiency Standards
• <u>may i wrote the Cruciole</u> Arthur Miller New Forker Editorial	Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards
Independent Reading: (Controlled choices by teacher or student	Content related to with r interency standards
selected with teacher's approval)	
selected with teacher's approval)	l

	Grade	11	
<u>Required Vocabulary:</u> Sadlier: <i>Vocabulary Workshop</i> Level F (Weekl	y/Biweekly)		
Collections Critical Vocabulary and Vocabulary Strategies			
Academic Vocabulary (words traditionally used and text, i.e. annotate, interpret, critique, summa <u>www.d93schools.org</u>			
	District/School	Writing Tasks	
Primary Focus	Secondary Focus		Routine Writing
 Task 1: Research Focus Piece Mini research project addressing the prompt: Utilizing the selections used in the unit answer one of the following questions: What is the main reason European settlers came to the Americas? What were the most important changes these settlers brought about in the Americas and are these changes still suitable for contemporary America? Select three texts from this collection— including <i>The Crucible</i> and <i>from</i> Of Plymouth Plantation—that provide evidence to support your claim about your chosen question. Citation is required. Task 2: Author's Craft Analytical Essay Both Nathaniel Hawthorne and Arthur Miller chose Puritan America as the setting for their works. What are each of their perspectives on Puritan Society and its core beliefs? 	 <u>Required</u>: Langu found in each sele <u>Required</u>: <i>MLA</i> Edition) for Style, Skills <u>-CitationMach</u> -Style.mla.org <u>-Writing and F</u> Age List of Writing and Media Center Dat WTHS DATABA Additional resource Collections Teach Myhrw.com (required) 	Handbook (8th c, Formatting, Research nine Research in a Digital and Research Skills tabase Resources ASES 2017-2018 rces and topics found in her Resources uires login) es hiteboard Lessons	 Journal writing (in particular students can write reactions to selected pieces paying close attention to intended audience, literary techniques used, rhetorical devices employed, or strengths/ flaws in argument.) Write brief responses to questions (including self-generated questions) to solve problems, to narrow or broaden inquiries, to synthesize multiple sources on a subject, and/or to demonstrate the understanding of a subject under investigation.

Winslow Township School District English Language Arts Grade 11			
 How do their viewpoints differ? How did this setting lend itself to each storyline and theme? Compare and contrast the depictions of Puritan Society in <i>The Scarlet Letter</i> to <i>The Crucible</i>. Relate why this setting was specifically chosen 	-Writing and Research in a Digital Age Additional Grammar Resources -Grammarly Handbook -Lynne Truss Eats, Shoots and Leaves (commas) -Patricia T. O'Conner: Woe is I		
by the respective authors.	-Strunk and White: Elements of Style		
	Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars		
 Instructional Best Practices: Explicit Instruction Modeling Guided Practice Guided Inquiry Collaboration Independent Practice Reflection Teacher Read Aloud Strategy (teacher-led frequent and content enriching pieces) Differentiated Instruction: Utilize ELL (Second Language) support known as Engliat-risk support, and advanced support strat suggested in the <i>Collections</i> planning section Consult Text Complexity Rubric: Found each selection, useful for instructional mod accommodations to meet the demands of the measures for acquiring meaning. Bloom Taxonomy Action Verbs Learning Levels for Instruction and Assessment 	 Appendix of Str. Close Reading S Compare and Cd Purdue Owl http Teen Ink www.ta from Tools and Exhibit and Ana Exhibit and Ana in planning section of difications and ext qualitative 	Strategies ontrast Strategies os://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/	
Special Education Modifications, Supplement Services, Assistive Devices	ary Aids and		

Grade	11	
Further Standards Integration:		
• Review and reinforce skills by utilizing Level Up Tutorials:		
Making inferences, Main Idea, Supporting Details, Analyzing		
Arguments, Evidence, Universal and Recurring Themes		
• Weave in Kagan Structures to reinforce objectives and concepts		
as well as promote peer collaboration and accountability		
• Review and reinforce Interactive Whiteboard Lessons: Evaluating		
an Argument, Summarizing Text, Author's Purpose and		
Perspective, Evaluating Arguments, Theme/Central Idea, Role of		
Setting Interactive Whiteboard Lessons		
 Model and practice annotation 		
 Utilize rubrics in <i>Collections</i> and on PARCC 		
 Connect Interdisciplinary Content (magazines, articles, 		
newspapers, current events)		
• Utilize technology to produce, publish, and update individual or		
shared writing products		
• Encourage participation in reading and writing contests as well as		
submissions to online publications such as <i>Teen Ink</i> <u>Teenink.com</u> .		
• Challenge students to make video news reports that present		
summaries of their topics and discussions.		
• Encourage students to post/share their report to the class or		
school website.		
9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration	on, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills	
The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the	Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety	

of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Modifications for Spec tudents with special needs: All lessons are differentiated to accommodate th ccommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 50	
ccommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 50	04 Plans. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be
onsidered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and	d learning for all students. Modifications/accommodations may include:
\circ Small group instruction	 Extended time as needed
 Audio books 	 Break down assignments into smaller units
 Text-to-speech platforms 	 Provide shortened assignments
 Leveled texts 	 Modify testing format
\circ Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and	 Graphic organizers
TweenTribune	 Sentence Starters
 Modeling and guided practice 	 Consistent structured routine
 Read directions aloud 	 Simple and clear classroom rules
 Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions 	 Frequent feedback
Modifications f	for At Risk Students
ormative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At fir	st signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may
	Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered
	or all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming
evelopmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be m	ade available to aid students in reaching the standards.
Iodifications/accommodations may include:	
o Audio books	 Use of computer
Text-to-speech platforms	 Emphasize/highlight key concepts
D Leveled texts	 Recognize success
o Graphic novels	 Provide timelines for work completion
 Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and 	 Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks
TweenTribune	 Provide copy of class notes
 Extended time as needed 	 Graphic organizer
 Read directions aloud 	 Sentence Starters
 Assist with organization 	

Grade 11		
ELL Students	Enrichment/Gifted	
 All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Reading Vitting Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications as determined by NJ DOE Bilingual and ESL policies. These may include: Use of bilingual dictionaries Personal dictionary Word Wall Manipulatives Pictures, photographs Modeling and guided practice Sentence Starters Response frames Adapted text/ Leveled Readers Repeated reading Graphic Organizers Provide background knowledge experience Increase vocabulary (cognates) exposure Additional SIOP Strategies as described in the following books: <i>Making Content Comprehensible for English Language Learners: The SIOP Model</i> <i>99 Activities for Teaching English Language Arts to English Language Learners</i> 	 Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level tasks. Enrichment activities designed to challenge the more advanced students include independent study and project-based learning through active exploration of real-world challenges and problems. Students will be provided with modifications that: Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Require critical and creative thinking activities with emphasis on research and in-depth study Provide Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Additional strategies may be located at the following links: <u>Gifted Programming Standards</u> <u>Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy</u> <u>REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs</u> 	
Interdisciplinary Connections		
 Social Studies: 6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a: Analyze the factors that led to the fall of communism in the fall influenced the global power structure. 6.2.12.HistoryCC.5.a: Analyze the reasons for the Cold War and the collapse national boundaries in Eastern Europe and Asia. 	-	

6.2.12.HistoryCC.3.c: Analyze the impact of the policies of different European colonizers on indigenous societies and explain the responses of these societies to imperialistic rule.

Arts:

1.1.12.C.1: Analyze examples of theatre's influence on history and history's influence on theatre in Western and 7 non-Western theatre traditions. Characters have physical, emotional, and social dimensions that can be communicated through the application of acting techniques.

1.1.12.C.2: Formulate a process of script analysis to identify how the physical, emotional, and social dimensions of a character are communicated through the application of acting techniques

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

Technology is integrated into instruction in meaningful ways. Students and teachers use digital tools and information to solve problems individually and collaboratively to create and communicate knowledge. Embedded resources and activities provide a variety of differentiated learning opportunities to meet the needs of individual students. Activities range in levels outside of grade level to meet the academic needs and learning styles of all students. Resources include: Internet, Web Quests, content-related websites, wireless laptop computers, computer laboratory, classroom computers, SMART Boards, iPads, and video streaming.

8.2.12.ITH.3: Analyze the impact that globalization, social media, and access to open source technologies has had on innovation and on a society's economy, politics, and culture.

	Unit	2 Grade 11
Reading Standards		Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	 Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias) Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience Support inference using several examples from the text Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	 Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development Use the text to draw conclusions Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text (and provides depth and dimension) Construct an objective summary of the text

English Language Arts Grade 11

	Gla	de 11
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	 RL.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story RI.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc.) of the text Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	 Assess figurative meaning Assess connotative meaning Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon) Identify tone of text Explain how word choice creates tone Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in	RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging. RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly	 Investigate how an author structures the text and develops ideas Analyze how the structure of a text and order of ideas or claims within it affect the overall purpose of the text and how they are developed and shaped by the larger text Evaluate how the form effectively follows the function of the text RL.11-12.6: Identify and assess the point of view Determine what the text literally and figuratively states
a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	 Determine what the text incruity and rightar very states Determine what the text incruity and rightar very states Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose RI.11-12.6: Determine the author's overall purpose Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose. Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text
	RI.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in	 Compare and contrast how various accounts of a subject are told in multiple mediums

Grade 11		
different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.RI.11-12.8. Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).RI.11-12.9. Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century	 Analyze how the details emphasized in each account of a subject told in different mediums affect the overall message Use references to the different media to answer a question or to solve a problem Evaluate the rationale used in a text Understand and explain how text connects to the principles determined by the Constitution Understand and explain how it connects to established laws and practices Determine and explain the idea, reason, and logic behind public advocacy texts (like a presidential address) Study and evaluate influential U.S. documents Identify and explain the themes and purposes 	
foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history.	• Identify and explain their rhetorical features such as diction, imagery, details, figurative language, and syntax	
Unit 2 Writing Standards	Unit 2 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills	
 W.11-12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.11-12.1.A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. W.11-12.1.B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. W.11-12.1.C. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. 	 Effectively select, organize, and analyze content Use the most relevant and sufficient facts, definitions, details, and quotes Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and accurately Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information are needed to effectively craft an argument Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose Understand how much evidence is needed to satisfactorily support a point Develop a topic Learn how to introduce argument(s) clearly and accurately with regard to counterclaims Understand and establish why the claim is important Structure arguments so that there is an association and correlation between the claim(s), counter claim(s), reasons, and evidence Treat claims and counterclaims equitably taking into account what their audience knows as well as what concerns they might have 	

Gra	nde 11
 W.11-12.1. D. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.E. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. 	 Develop unity and consistency in writing with words and structure, paying attention to the relationships created between the claims, counterclaims, evidence, and reason Maintain an appropriate style and tone for the task, omitting personal bias Consider and anticipate the audience's education, beliefs, and feelings about the subject Choose precise words and domain-specific vocabulary Introduce a topic arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships Format effectively Organize graphics and provide multimedia when useful Use transitions to link together the major sections of the text Use varied syntax Choose a formal style and objective tone Decide what organization is most effective for purpose, audience, and task Write a concluding statement that supports the information presented
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	 Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	 Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	 Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration Link and cite sources Create shared writing products Adapt writing according to feedback Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software

English Language Arts Grade 11

Gra	de 11
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	 Conduct short and more sustained research projects Conduct research drawing on multiple sources Understand steps of an investigation Develop an inquiry question Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and over reliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	 Gather print and digital information Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source Paraphrase correctly Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)
 W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]"). 	 Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research. Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision
Unit 2 Speaking and Listening Standards SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11	Unit 2 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills• Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions• Prepare for discussions• Read and research materials beforehand• Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion

Grade 11		
 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed. SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. SL.11.12.1D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. 	 Refer to evidence from texts and other research Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity Set guidelines for class discussions Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities. Self-monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity discuss and question the argument and evidence Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard Respond thoughtfully Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments 	
SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.	 Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning Engage as an active listener and participant Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone 	
SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	 Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion Consider and address opposing viewpoints Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to my purpose and audience Present information clearly, concisely, and logically Use correct eye contact Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose Speak with clear pronunciation 	
SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	• Engage audience and enhance their understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence by incorporating digital media such as textual, graphical, audio, visual, or interactive elements	

Grade 11		
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	 Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary 	
Unit 2 Language Standards	Unit 2 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills	
 L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions. L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly. 	 Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking Understand that language and appropriate usage changes Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling 	
 L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts. 	 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking. Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work Write using a variety of different syntaxes 	
 L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 	 Use context clues to derive word meaning Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words Trace the etymology of words 	
 L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	 Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk) 	

Grade 11		
L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	 Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level 	
Additional Standards	Resources	
Century 21st Life and Career Standards describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success.	<u>Career Ready Practices</u> U.S. Department of labor <u>Occupational Outlook Handbook</u> Occupational Information Network <u>O*NET</u> <u>New Jersey Student Learning Standards Standard 9 21st Century Life and Careers</u>	
World-class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Standards WIDA Proficiency Standards Framework and its Theoretical Foundations. WIDA draws on multiple theories and approaches in an effort to describe language use in academic contexts; this is the language that language learners must acquire and negotiate to participate WIDA Proficiency Standards successfully in school. Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards		
Education Modified/General); Level II (College Preparatory); and	Loval III (Honors) Differentiation modifications accommodations	
and enrichment suggestions are provided within this curricular fra Grade 11 Unit 2: Building Col	mework. and Maintaining a Democracy <i>lection 2</i> al Questions	
and enrichment suggestions are provided within this curricular fra Grade 11 Unit 2: Building <i>Col</i> Essenti • What does it mean to give people a voice in their governmen • What makes people free? • What is the framework of our democracy?	mework. and Maintaining a Democracy <i>lection 2</i> al Questions	

Grad	le	11	

	de 11
 Short Constructed Response questions demonstrating connections of text to itself, text to relevant personal experience, text to text, and text to world. Performance task assignments following each piece in the section (Mywritesmart, Collections Text pgs 118,126,138,148,158,and 165) 	
District/School Texts	District/School Supplementary Resources
 Required: Collection 2 "The Declaration of Independence," Lexile 1320 "from the United States Constitution" Lexile 1470 And two or more of the following: "The Federalist #10" Lexile 1390 or "Petition to the Massachusetts General Assembly" (Close Reader) Lexile 2110 or The Best of Enemies or Abigail Adams' "Last Chance of Defiance" Close Reader Lexile 1250 or "To the Right Honorable William, Earl of Dartmouth" or "On Being Brought from Africa to America" or "On the Emigration to America and Peopling the Western Country" or "Soldier for the Crown" Lexile 1250 	 Collections Supplements: Close Reader consumable Collections Teacher Resources 1 & 6:(Online Resource requires Login) -History.com -A&E -Channel One News -HMHFYI.com -Interactive Lessons Level Up Tutorials Collections Writing Resources (Online Resource requires Login) Web Resources: Actively Learn <u>https://read.activelylearn.com</u> Adolescent Literature <u>http://www.adlit.org/</u> Audio Books Synchttp://audiobooksync.com/
Differentiated Levels of Texts:	Common Lit Reading CommonLit Free Reading Passages and
 Level I Debate: Better Late than Never? <u>https://www.readworks.org/article/Debate-Better-Late-than-Never/f390f34c-5143-404e-bc69-ae9196f3ddf8#!articleTab:content/</u> Akers, W. M. "A Monument for Peace" <u>https://www.readworks.org/article/A-Monument-for-Peace/ff9c6106-807a-4ab3-a62a-b2d548e224a0#!articleTab:content/</u> 	 Literacy Resources Core Standards Appendix A <u>http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_B.pdf</u> Core Standards Appendix C <u>http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_C.pdf</u> Edmodo <u>www.edmodo.com</u> Free Rice Freerice.com Internet4Classrooms Internet4Classrooms Kahoot <u>www.kahoot.com</u> Khan Academy <u>https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities</u>

English Language Arts Grade 11

Gra	
• "Invisible Thieves"	• Lexile Ranges by Grade Lexile Ranges By Grade
https://www.readworks.org/article/Invisible-Thieves/fd2a8700-	Media Center Database Resources WTHS DATABASES 2017-2018
0c25-4072-8d50-fcd68e0ab781#!articleTab:content/	• News ELA <u>www.Newsela.com</u>
Level II	• No More Red Ink https://www.noredink.com/
• Bunny, Fanny" from The Journals and Letters of Fanny	• PBS Learning Media <u>https://www.pbslearningmedia.org/</u>
Burney: An Encounter with King George III"	Purdue Owl https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/
https://my.hrw.com/content/hmof/language_arts/hmhcollection	• Quizlet <u>www.quizlet.com</u>
s/resources/gr11/additional_texts/pdf/g11_02_fannyburney.pdf	Read Write Think <u>www.readwritethink.com</u>
Clinton, Bill: "Improving the United States"	Root Words <u>http://mseffie.com/assignments/roots/roots.html</u>
https://www.readworks.org/article/Improving-the-United-	• SAT Prep www.satprep.com
States/533eeb69-84c5-4d6e-8252-	 Scholastic https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/search-
b2ae7440ba3c#!articleTab:content/contentSection:f6c24f96-	results/?search=1&filters=&text=9-12
<u>15e2-423e-899b-9d64aef7673b/</u>	 Teen Ink teenink.com
Level III	 Teen Reads https://www.teenreads.com/
Obama, Barack " A More Perfect Union" [Abridged]	 Think CERCA ThinkCERCA Personalized Close Reading &
:https://www.readworks.org/article/A-More-Perfect-Union-	Argumentative Writing
Abridged/d5960bea-21cf-4729-a96e-	Tween Tribune www.tweentribune.com
7c0e3cd9fd64#!articleTab:content/	 Utah Education Network https://www.uen.org/7-
• Nixon, Richard "Working Together for a Better Future"	12interactives/lang arts.shtml
https://www.readworks.org/article/Working-Together-for-a-	 Vocabulary Vocabulary
Better-Future/b13e2e3b-81db-4e7a-ac45- 08b7105ac43d#!articleTab:content/	 Vocabulary <u>vocabulary</u> Vocabulary Test Vocabulary Tests and Games on VocabTest.com -
	Free Vocabulary
Independent Reading (Controlled choices by teacher or student	 TheWeek theweek.com
selected with teacher's approval)	
	• YouTube <u>www.youtube.com</u>
Required Vocabulary:	Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources
Sadlier: Vocabulary Workshop Level F (Weekly/Biweekly)	https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/
Collections Critical Vessbulary and Vessbulary Strets size	
Collections Critical Vocabulary and Vocabulary Strategies	Crude Cruest Co. Neurole and Others Collections
Academic Vocabulary (words traditionally used in academic dialogue and text, i.e. annotate, interpret, critique, summarize, etc.) <u>www.d93schools.org</u>	<u>Grade-Specific Novels and Other Selections</u>

Grade 11			
	Leaves (comn	·	
	-Patricia T. O'Conner: Woe is I		
		<i>Thite: Elements of Style</i>	
	Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars		
Instructional Best Practices:			e skills by utilizing Level Up Tutorials: Making
• Explicit Instruction			a, Supporting Details, Analyzing Arguments,
Modeling			and Recurring Themes
Guided Practice		e	ctures to reinforce objectives and concepts as
Guided Inquiry			collaboration and accountability
Collaboration			Interactive Whiteboard Lessons: Evaluating an
Independent Practice		e	zing Text, Author's Purpose and Perspective,
Reflection			ts, Theme/Central Idea, Role of Setting
• Teacher Read Aloud Strategy (teacher-led, tar	geted, brief,	Interactive Whiteboar	
frequent and content enriching pieces)		• Model and practice and	
			lections and on PARCC
• Differentiated Instruction: Utilize ELL (prev		-	nary Content (magazines, articles, newspapers,
Second Language) support known as English L		current events)	
at-risk support, and advanced support strategies			produce, publish, and update individual or
suggested in the Collections planning section for	or each selection	shared writing produc	
			on in reading and writing contests as well as
• Consult Text Complexity Rubric: Found in p			e publications such as <i>Teen Ink</i> <u>Teenink.com</u> .
each selection, useful for instructional modification		6	make video news reports that present
accommodations to meet the demands of text q	ualitative		pics and discussions. Encourage students to
measures for acquiring meaning.		1 1	t to the class or school website.
		Exemplars:	
Bloom Taxonomy Action Verbs			g Strategies: TEPAC
		• <u>Appendix of Strat</u>	
Learning Levels for Instruction and Assessment		<u>Close Reading St</u>	
		 <u>Compare and Cor</u> 	
Special Education Modifications, Supplementary	Aids and		:://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/
Services, Assistive Devices		• Teen Ink <u>www.tee</u>	
		• from <i>Tools and T</i>	<i>exts</i> by Jim Burke

Grade 11	
----------	--

Grade	11
	• Exhibit and Analyze model student work
 Further Standards Integration: Review and reinforce skills by utilizing <u>Level Up Tutorials</u>: Making inferences, Main Idea, Supporting Details, Analyzing Arguments, Evidence, Universal and Recurring Themes 	
 Weave in Kagan Structures to reinforce objectives and concepts as well as promote peer collaboration and accountability 	
 Review and reinforce Interactive Whiteboard Lessons: Evaluating an Argument, Summarizing Text, Author's Purpose, Evaluating Arguments, <u>Interactive Whiteboard Lessons</u> 	
9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration	on, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills
The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the V of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School G Physical Education and Health, and World Language.	
Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:	
Philadelphia Mint	
https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards	
Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.	

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Modifications for Special Education/504 Students Students with special needs: All lessons are differentiated to accommodate the individual needs of a diverse student population. Modifications and accommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 504 Plans. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. Modifications/accommodations may include: o Small group instruction Extended time as needed o Audio books Break down assignments into smaller units o Text-to-speech platforms Provide shortened assignments into smaller units o Leveled texts O Modify testing format Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers o Modeling and guided practice Consistent structured routine o Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules o Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Frequent feedback Portuental consideration, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Store of computer	Grade 11		
accommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 504 Plans. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. Modifications/accommodations may include: Small group instruction Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practice will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations may include: Audio books Audio books Cuse of computer Audio books Cus	Modifications for Special Education/504 Students		
considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. Modifications/accommodations may include: o Small group instruction o Extended time as needed o Audio books o Break down assignments into smaller units o Text-to-speech platforms o Provide shortened assignments o Leveled texts o Modify testing format o Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and o Graphic organizers TweenTribune o Sentence Starters o Modeling and guided practice o Consistent structured routine o Read directions aloud o Simple and clear classroom rules o Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions o Frequent feedback Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: o Use of computer o Text-to-speech platforms o Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Leveled in	Students with special needs: All lessons are differentiated to accommodate the individual needs of a diverse student population. Modifications and		
 Small group instruction Extended time as needed Audio books Break down assignments into smaller units Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Modify testing format Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers Modeling and guided practice Consistent structured routine Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Frequent feedback Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Use of computer Text-to-speech platforms Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Leveled texts Recognize success Graphic coryels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks 	accommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 504 Plans. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be		
 Audio books Break down assignments into smaller units Text-to-speech platforms Provide shortnend assignments Leveled texts Modify testing format Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers Modeling and guided practice Consistent structured routine Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Frequent feedback Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Graphic novels Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Stended time as needed Sentence Starters 			
 Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Leveled texts Modify testing format Graphic organizers TweenTribune Sentence Starters Consistent structured routine Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, students will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Graphic novels Graphic novels Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks TweenTribune Provide timelines for work completion Extended time as needed Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Sentence Starters 			
 Leveled texts Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers Sentence Starters Modeling and guided practice Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Frequent feedback Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide timelines for work completion Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide timelines for graphic organizer Read directions aloud 			
 Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers Modeling and guided practice Sentence Starters Consistent structured routine Repad directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Frequent feedback Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide time as needed Extended time as needed Graphic novels Sentence Starters 			
TweenTribune Sentence Starters Modeling and guided practice Consistent structured routine Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Frequent feedback Modifications for At Risk Students Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Use of computer Adudio books Use of computer Text-to-speech platforms Emphasize/highlight key concepts Leveled texts Provide timelines for work completion Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Derek down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes For speech ribune Provide timelines for work completion Sentence Starters Graphic novels Provide copy of class notes Provide copy of class notes Exten			
 Modeling and guided practice Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Simple and clear classroom rules Frequent feedback Modifications for At Risk Students Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Izext-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Evended time as needed Ketneded time as needed Strateneed Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 			
 Read directions aloud Simple and clear classroom rules Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Frequent feedback Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Sentence Starters 		 Sentence Starters 	
 Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions Frequent feedback Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Sentence Starters 			
Modifications for At Risk Students Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Extended time as needed Read directions aloud 			
Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Graphic organizer Read directions aloud 	 Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions 	 Frequent feedback 	
 include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Emphasize/highlight key concepts Recognize success Oraphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud 	Modifications f	or At Risk Students	
 when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud When determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. 			
developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards. Modifications/accommodations may include: Audio books Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Extended time as needed Read directions aloud 			
Modifications/accommodations may include:Use of computerAudio booksUse of computerText-to-speech platformsEmphasize/highlight key conceptsLeveled textsRecognize successGraphic novelsProvide timelines for work completionLeveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribuneBreak down multi-step tasks into smaller chunksExtended time as neededGraphic organizerRead directions aloudSentence Starters			
 Audio books Use of computer Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Use of computer Use of computer Emphasize/highlight key concepts Emphasize/nighlight key concepts Recognize success Provide timelines for work completion Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 		de available to aid students in reaching the standards.	
 Text-to-speech platforms Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Extended time as needed Sentence Starters Extended time as needed Sentence Starters 			
 Leveled texts Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Read directions aloud Recognize success Provide timelines for work completion Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 			
 Graphic novels Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Provide timelines for work completion Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 			
 Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks Provide copy of class notes Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 			
TweenTribuneoProvide copy of class notesoExtended time as neededoGraphic organizeroRead directions aloudoSentence Starters			
 Extended time as needed Read directions aloud Graphic organizer Sentence Starters 			
 Read directions aloud Sentence Starters 			
 Assist with organization 			
	 Assist with organization 		

 WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications as determined by NJ DOE Bilingual and ESL policies. These may include: Use of bilingual dictionaries Personal dictionary Word Wall Manipulatives Pictures, photographs Modeling and guided practice Sentence Starters Repoated reading Graphic Organizers Provide background knowledge experience Increase vocabulary (cognates) exposure Additional SIOP Strategies as described in the following books: Making Content Comprehensible for English Language Learners: The SIOP Model 99 Activities for Teaching English Language Arts to English Language Interdisciplinary Connections 	Grade 11		
https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Listening Speaking WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Listening Speaking Wida wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors: Listening Speaking Listening Reading Vida with accommodations and modifications as determined by NJ DOE Bilingual and ESL policies. These may include: Use of bilingual dictionaries Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Personal dictionaries Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Manipulatives Provide higher level texts Pictures, photographs Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Adapted text/ Leveled Readers Repeated reading Repeated reading Graphic Organizers Provide background knowledge experience Gifted Programming Standards Increase vocabulary (cognates) exposure Gifted Programming Standards Additional SIOP Strategies as described in the following books: Gifted Programming Standards 99 Activities for Teaching English Language Learners: Taxonomy	ELL Students	Enrichment/Gifted	
	 https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications as determined by NJ DOE Bilingual and ESL policies. These may include: Use of bilingual dictionaries Personal dictionary Word Wall Manipulatives Pictures, photographs Modeling and guided practice Sentence Starters Response frames Adapted text/ Leveled Readers Repeated reading Graphic Organizers Provide background knowledge experience Increase vocabulary (cognates) exposure Additional SIOP Strategies as described in the following books: <i>Making Content Comprehensible for English Language Learners: The SIOP Model</i> 99 Activities for Teaching English Language Arts to English Language Learners 	 high level tasks. Enrichment activities designed to challenge the more advanced students include independent study and project-based learning through active exploration of real-world challenges and problems. Students will be provided with modifications that: Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Require critical and creative thinking activities with emphasis on research and in-depth study Provide Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Additional strategies may be located at the following links: <u>Gifted Programming Standards</u> <u>Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy</u> <u>REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs</u> 	
	Social Studies:		

Social Studies:

6.1.5.HistoryUP.3: Use multiple perspectives to evaluate the impact of the Columbian Exchange on ecology, agriculture, and culture.

6.2.12.HistoryCC.1.d: Compare slavery practices and other forms of coerced labor or social bondage common in East Africa, West Africa, Southwest Asia, Europe, and the Americas.

6.2.12.HistoryCC.1.g: Assess the impact of economic, political, and social policies and practices regarding African slaves, indigenous peoples, and Europeans in the Spanish and Portuguese colonies.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

Technology is integrated into instruction in meaningful ways. Students and teachers use digital tools and information to solve problems individually and collaboratively to create and communicate knowledge. Embedded resources and activities provide a variety of differentiated learning opportunities to meet the needs of individual students. Activities range in levels outside of grade level to meet the academic needs and learning styles of all students. Resources include: Internet, Web Quests, content-related websites, wireless laptop computers, computer laboratory, classroom computers, SMART Boards, iPads, and video streaming.

8.2.12.ITH.3: Analyze the impact that globalization, social media, and access to open source technologies has had on innovation and on a society's economy, politics, and culture.

Unit 3 Grade 11		
Unit 3 Reading Standards		Unit 3 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	 Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias) Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience Support inference using several examples from the text Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.	RI.11-12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development and how they interact to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.	 Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development Use the text to draw conclusions Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text (and provides depth and dimension) Construct an objective summary of the text

English Language Arts Grade 11

Glade 11			
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	 RL.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story RI.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction Explain how order in which each is presented in the text impact the overall text Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story 	
RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)	RI.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	 Assess figurative meaning Assess connotative meaning Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon) Identify tone of text Explain how word choice creates tone Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text 	
RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall	RI.11-12.5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing and engaging.	 RL.11-12.5: Identify the structure of the text (ex. en medias res, flashbacks, tragic elements) Describe how an author has chosen to structure a text and order events within it Explain why the author chose that structure and how it enhances the work as a whole Analyze how sequence contributes to the meaning and aesthetic impact 	
structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		 RI.11-12.5: Investigate how an author structures the text and develops ideas Critically examine how the structure of a text and order of ideas or claims within it affect the overall purpose of the text and how they are developed and shaped by the larger text Evaluate how the form effectively follows the function of the text 	
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	RI.11-12.6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.	 RL.11-12.6: Identify the point of view Determine what the text literally states Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose 	

English Language Arts Grade 11

G.	
	 RI.11-12.6: Determine the author's overall purpose Analyze how an author uses various rhetorical strategies to advance that purpose. Focus on both how the text is written and what the text is about Explain how and why the author has made those rhetorical decisions and how and why that contributes to the overall effectiveness of the text
RL.11-12.7. Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)	 Read and/or view different versions of the same text, recordings, film, and/or live performances Compare and contrast the multiple versions Explain the differences between the multiple versions Focus on significant changes to structure, order, plot, and/or character Analyze how changes to structure, order, plot or character impact meaning of different versions of same text
RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early- twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.	 Recognize when an author draws on and then transforms source material (such as a theme or topic) from another text Recognize foundational and canonical American texts Identify and explain how different texts from the same era/genre approach the same theme/topics
Unit 3 Writing Standards	Unit 3 Writing Critical Knowledge and Skills
 W.11-12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. W.11-12.3.A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events. W.11-12.3.B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. W.11-12.3.C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution). W.11-12.3.D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters. W.11-12.3.E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative. 	 Ose effective details using precise language Create clear point(s) of view established through a narrator, provide characters, and present a situation Apply narrative techniques including dialogue, description, and plot in order to develop experiences, events, and/or characters choosing words that create vivid pictures
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development,	Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure
	• Identify and understand the writing purpose

gnan	Lang	uage	
6	Frade	11	

G	ade 11
	 Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Understand how structure, style and rhetorical devices convey the purpose of writing
W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.	 Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience Determine what details and/or information is most appropriate for a specific purpose
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	 Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration Link and cite sources Create shared writing products Adapt writing according to feedback Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software Assess feedback from peers
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	 Conduct short and more sustained research projects Conduct research drawing on multiple sources Understand steps of an investigation Develop an inquiry question Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	 Gather print and digital information Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source Paraphrase correctly Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.)

	ade 11
 W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]"). 	 Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research. Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision
Unit 3 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 3 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills
 SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed. SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. 	 Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions Prepare for discussions Read and research materials beforehand Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion Refer to evidence from texts and other research Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity Set guidelines for class discussions Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities. Self-monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity discuss and question the argument and evidence Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard Respond thoughtfully Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others' comments

 SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used. 	 Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and media Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the evidence is relevant Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning Engage as an active listener and participant Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone
SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	 Formulate a clear and distinct perspective on a topic or issue and amass evidence to support that perspective Draw information from primary and secondary sources, and provide a conclusion Consider and address opposing viewpoints Organize, develop, and produce a presentation in a style appropriate to my purpose and audience Present information clearly, concisely, and logically Use correct eye contact Adapt volume and tone to audience and purpose Speak with clear pronunciation
SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	• Engage audience and enhance their understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence by incorporating digital media such as textual, graphical, audio, visual, or interactive elements
SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	 Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary
Unit 3 Language Standards	Unit 3 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills
 L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.11-12.2.A. Observe hyphenation conventions. L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly. 	 Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking Understand that language and appropriate usage changes Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling
L.11-12.2.B. Spen correctly. L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.	 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking

01	
	 Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work Write using a variety of different syntaxes
 L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 	 Use context clues to derive word meaning Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words Trace the etymology of words
 L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	 Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk)
L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	 Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level
Additional Standards	Resources
Century 21st Life and Career Standards describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success.	Career Ready Practices U.S. Department of labor Occupational Outlook Handbook Occupational Information Network O*NET New Jersey Student Learning Standards Standard 9 21st Century Life and Careers
World-class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Standards Framework and its Theoretical Foundations. WIDA draws on multiple theories and approaches in an effort to describe language use in academic contexts; this is the language that language learners must acquire and negotiate to participate successfully in school.	WIDA Proficiency Standards Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards

This ELA curriculum is designed to meet the needs of all learners: Level I (Special Education, Special Education Modified/General); Level II (College Preparatory); and Level III (Honors). Differentiation, modifications, accommodations, and enrichment suggestions are provided within this curricular framework. Grade 11 Unit 3: Individual and Society <i>Collection 3</i> Essential Questions • What does it mean to be an individual? • How does one become an individual? • What is an individual's duty to society? • How does Nature help to form a person's individualism? • Essential Questions for the CCSS Anchor Standards	
District/School Formative Assessment Plan	District/School Summative Assessment Plan
 Collections Text ELA Practice Test 1 Teacher Created Formative Assessments: Such as 3.2.1 formative assessment, Exit/Admit Tickets/ One Minute Responses, Short Answer Response Questions, Quick Writes, Quick Quizzes, <u>K.W.L.S</u>. Short Constructed Response questions demonstrating connections of text to itself, text to relevant personal experience, text to text, and text to world. Performance task assignments following each piece in the section (Mywritesmart, Collections Text pg s185,196 205,218,231,247, and 263) 	 LinkIt! English 3 Form C (supports PARCC assessment) <u>Collections Test 3</u> Teacher Created Summative Assessment Task 1: Narrative Essay (<i>see Primary Focus</i>) Task 2: Argumentative Essay (<i>see Primary Focus</i>)
District/School Texts District/School Supplementary Resources	
 Required : Collection 3 "From Song of Myself" <u>and</u> "Against Nature" Lexile 1000 <u>And one or more of the following:</u> "I Hear America Singing"(Close Reader) <u>or</u> A Noiseless Patient Spider"(Close Reader) <u>or</u> "Self-Reliance" (Close Reader) Lexile 990 <u>or</u> 	 Collections Supplements: Close Reader consumable Collections Teacher Resources 1 & 6:(Online Resource requires Login)

Winslow Township School District

English Language Arts Grade 11

Grade 11		
• "Nature"(<i>Close Reader</i>) Lexile 990 <u>or</u>	-HMHFYI.com	
• "Spoiling Walden: Or, How I learned to Worrying and Love	-Interactive Lessons Level Up Tutorials	
Cape Wind"(Close Reader) Lexile 1050	• <u>Collections Writing Resources</u> (Online Resource requires Login)	
Differentiated Levels of Texts:	Web Resources:	
Level I	• Actively Learn <u>https://read.activelylearn.com</u>	
• Truth, Sojourner: "Aint I a Woman"	• Adolescent Literature http://www.adlit.org/	
https://sourcebooks.fordham.edu/mod/sojtruth-woman.asp or	• Audio Books Synchttp://audiobooksync.com/	
video version:	Common Lit Reading CommonLit Free Reading Passages and	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eUdxsQ0Qsrc	Literacy Resources	
• Merrick, Robert "To the Virgins, to Make Much of Time"	Core Standards Appendix A	
https://my.hrw.com/content/hmof/language_arts/hmhcollectio	http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_B.pdf	
ns/resources/gr11/additional_texts/pdf/g11_06_virginsmakem	• Core Standards Appendix C	
uchtime.pdf	http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix_C.pdf	
Level II:	• Edmodo <u>www.edmodo.com</u>	
	• Free Rice <u>Freerice.com</u>	
• Truth, Sojourner: "Aint I a Woman"-	Internet4Classrooms Internet4Classrooms	
https://sourcebooks.fordham.edu/mod/sojtruth-woman.asp or	• Kahoot <u>www.kahoot.com</u>	
video version:	Khan Academy <u>https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities</u>	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eUdxsQ0Qsrc	 Lexile Ranges by Grade Lexile Ranges By Grade Madia Canton Database Resources WTUS DATA RASES 2017 2018 	
• Hughes, Langston: "One Friday Morning"	 Media Center Database Resources <u>WTHS DATABASES 2017-2018</u> News ELA www.Newsela.com 	
https://www.whatsoproudlywehail.org/curriculum/the-	 News ELA <u>www.Newsetd.com</u> No More Red Ink https://www.noredink.com/ 	
american-calendar/one-friday-morning	 PBS Learning Media <u>https://www.noreank.com/</u> 	
• Stahl, Andrew "Group Behavior"	 Purdue Owl https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/ 	
https://www.readworks.org/article/Group-Behavior/cf7a4335-	 Quizlet www.quizlet.com 	
ff31-4170-85e4-4fd4eab11caf#!articleTab:co	 Read Write Think www.readwritethink.com 	
• Franklin, Benjamin from The Autobiography of Benjamin	Root Words http://mseffie.com/assignments/roots/roots.html	
Franklin	• SAT Prep www.satprep.com	
https://my.hrw.com/content/hmof/language_arts/hmhcollectio	• Scholastic https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/search-	
ns/resources/gr11/additional_texts/pdf/g11_02_benfranklin.pdf	results/?search=1&filters=&text=9-12	
• Bacon, Francis. "from Essays, Of Marriage and Single Life"	• Teen Ink <u>teenink.com</u>	
https://my.hrw.com/content/hmof/language_arts/hmhcollectio	• Teen Reads <u>https://www.teenreads.com/</u>	
ns/resources/gr11/additional_texts/pdf/g11_03_marriagesingl	Think CERCA <u>ThinkCERCA</u> Personalized Close Reading &	
<u>e.pdf</u>	Argumentative Writing	
https://www.readworks.org/article/Group-Behavior/cf7a4335-	• Tween Tribune <u>www.tweentribune.com</u>	
ff31-4170-85e4-4fd4eab11caf#!articleTab:content/		

	6	ade 11	
 Level III: Optional: "Growing Up Asian in America" Lexile 90 "Poems "<u>or</u> "From Walden" Lexile 1250 <u>or</u> "The Minister's Black Veil" Lexile 1260 <u>or</u> "The Pit and Pendulum" Lexile 1020 	00 <u>or</u>	 Utah Education Network <u>12interactives/lang_o</u> Vocabulary <u>Vocabular</u> 	ary cabulary Tests and Games on VocabTest.com - m
Independent Reading (Controlled choices by teselected with teacher's approval) Required Vocabulary: Sadlier: Vocabulary Workshop Level F (Weekly Collections Critical Vocabulary and Vocabulary Academic Vocabulary (words traditionally used dialogue and text, i.e. annotate, interpret, critiqu www.d93schools.org	y/Biweekly) Strategies in academic	 Teacher's discretion): Nathaniel Hawthorne Edgar Allan Poe "Ha William Cullen Bryan Henry David Thorean Frederick Douglass 	u "Civil Disobedience," "What to the Slave is the Fourth of July" on "Nature" and "Self Reliance" on Educational Resources
District/School Writing Tasks			
 Primary Focus This is connected to the types of writing as indicated in the standards: Informational or Literary. Task 1: Write a Narrative: The texts in this collection focus on the individual and how individuals fit into the larger schemes of nature and society. Consider the following quotation: "Trust thyself: every heart vibrates to that iron string." (Ralph Waldo Emerson, from "Self-Reliance")	 writing from resour <u>Required</u>: Langu found within and <u>Required</u>: Studen of MLA Style and Resources include -<u>Style.m</u> 		 Routine Writing This is daily writing or writing that is done several times over a week. Journal writing (in particular students can write reactions to selected pieces paying close attention to intended audience, literary techniques used, rhetorical devices employed, or strengths/ flaws in argument.) Write brief responses to questions (including self-generated questions) to solve problems, to narrow or broaden inquiries, to synthesize multiple sources on a subject, and/or to

Grade 11		
 -What does this quote really mean and how does it connect to the texts in this collection? -Should we all listen to our own internal sense of what is right or wrong, or what is true or untrue? -Look back at the anchor text "Song of Myself" and at the other texts in the collection. -Synthesize your ideas about the role of an individual in society by writing a personal, nonfiction, or fictional narrative. Task 2 Argumentative Essay: This collection focuses on individualism, imagination, society, and nature. The anchor text "Against Nature" presents a critique of the way many writers have interpreted the natural world, including Henry David Thoreau in "Walden." -Do you agree or disagree with Joyce Carol Oates's critical assessment of nature writing? Synthesize your ideas by writing a brief argument and then debating the issue with your classmates. 	 Media Center Database Resources <u>WTHS</u> <u>DATABASES 2017-2018</u> List of Writing and Research Skills Additional resources and topics found in <u>Collections Teacher Resources Myhrw.com</u> (requires login) <u>Grammar notes</u> <u>Interactive Lessons</u> <u>Interactive Uessons</u> <u>Interactive Whiteboard Lessons</u> <u>Language Workshop</u> <u>Level Up Tutorials</u> <u>WordSharp</u> <u>Writing and Research in a Digital Age</u> Additional Grammar Resources <u>Grammarly Handbook</u> <u>Lynne Truss Eats, Shoots and Leaves</u> (commas) <u>Patricia T. O'Conner: Woe is I</u> <u>Strunk and White: Elements of Style</u> 	demonstrate the understanding of a subject under investigation.
	Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars	
 Instructional Best Practices: Explicit Instruction Modeling Guided Practice Guided Inquiry Collaboration Independent Practice Reflection Teacher Read Aloud Strategy (teacher-leopieces) 	l, targeted, brief, frequent and content enriching	 Exemplars: Analytical Writing Strategies: TEPAC Appendix of Strategies Close Reading Strategies Compare and Contrast Strategies Purdue Owl https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/ Teen Ink www.teenink.com from Tools and Texts by Jim Burke Exhibit and Analyze model student work

Grade 11	
• Differentiated Instruction: Utilize ELL (previously English as a Second Language) support known as English Language Support, at-risk support, and advanced support strategies and activities suggested in the <i>Collections</i> planning section for each selection	
strategies and activities suggested in the <i>Contections</i> plaining section for each selection	
• Consult Text Complexity Rubric: Found in planning section of each selection, useful for instructional modifications and accommodations to meet the demands of text qualitative measures for acquiring meaning.	
Bloom Taxonomy Action Verbs	
Learning Levels for Instruction and Assessment	
Special Education Modifications, Supplementary Aids and Services, Assistive Devices	
 Further Standards Integration: Review and reinforce skills by utilizing Level Up Tutorials: Making inferences, Main Idea, Supporting Details, Analyzing Arguments, Evidence, Universal and Recurring Themes Weave in Kagan Structures to reinforce objectives and concepts as well as promote peer collaboration and accountability Review and reinforce Interactive Whiteboard Lessons: Evaluating an Argument, Summarizing Text, Author's Purpose and Perspective, Evaluating Arguments, Theme/Central Idea, Role of Setting Interactive Whiteboard Lessons Model and practice annotation Utilize rubrics in <i>Collections</i> and on PARCC Connect Interdisciplinary Content (magazines, articles, newspapers, current events) Utilize technology to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products Encourage participation in reading and writing contests as well as submissions to online publications such as <i>Teen Ink</i> Teenink.com. Challenge students to make video news reports that present summaries of their topics and discussions. Encourage students to post/share their report to the class or school website. 	

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Modifications for Special Education/504 Students

Students with special needs: All lessons are differentiated to accommodate the individual needs of a diverse student population. Modifications and accommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 504 Plans. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. Modifications/accommodations may include:

	· · ·
\circ Small group instruction	 Extended time as needed
 Audio books 	\circ Break down assignments into smaller units
 Text-to-speech platforms 	 Provide shortened assignments
 Leveled texts 	 Modify testing format
\circ Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and	 Graphic organizers
TweenTribune	 Sentence Starters
 Modeling and guided practice 	 Consistent structured routine
 Read directions aloud 	 Simple and clear classroom rules
\circ Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions	 Frequent feedback

Modifications for At Risk Students		
Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may		
include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered		
when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming		
developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards.		
Modifications/accommodations may include:		
 Audio books 	 Use of computer 	
 Text-to-speech platforms 	 Emphasize/highlight key concepts 	
 Leveled texts 	 Recognize success 	
 Graphic novels 	 Provide timelines for work completion 	
\circ Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and	 Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks 	
TweenTribune	 Provide copy of class notes 	

- \circ Extended time as needed
- Read directions aloud
- \circ Assist with organization

- $\circ~\mbox{Provide copy of class notes}$
- Graphic organizer
- Sentence Starters

ELL Students	Enrichment/Gifted	
 All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors WIDA Can Do Descriptors: Listening Speaking Reading Writing Oral Language Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications as determined by NJ DOE Bilingual and ESL policies. These may include: Use of bilingual dictionaries Personal dictionary Word Wall Manipulatives Pictures, photographs Modeling and guided practice Sentence Starters Response frames Adapted text/ Leveled Readers Repeated reading Graphic Organizers Provide background knowledge experience Increase vocabulary (cognates) exposure Additional SIOP Strategies as described in the following books: Making Content Comprehensible for English Language Learners: The SIOP Model 99 Activities for Teaching English Language Arts to English Language Learners 	 Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level tasks. Enrichment activities designed to challenge the more advanced students include independent study and project-based learning through active exploration of real-world challenges and problems. Students will be provided with modifications that: Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Require critical and creative thinking activities with emphasis on research and in-depth study Provide Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Additional strategies may be located at the following links: Gifted Programming Standards Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs 	
Interdisciplinary Connections		

6.2.12.D.1.b Compare slavery practices and other forms of coerced labor or social bondage common in East Africa, West Africa, Southwest Asia, Europe, and the Americas.

6.2.12.D.1.c Analyze various motivations for the Atlantic slave trade and the impact on Europeans, Africans, and Americans.

6.2.12.D.5.d Analyze how feminist movements and social conditions have affected the lives of women in different parts of the world, and evaluate women's progress toward social equality, economic equality, and political equality in various countries.

Science:

LS2.A: Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems & Ecosystems have carrying capacities, which are limits to the numbers of organisms and populations they can support. These limits result from such factors as the availability of living and nonliving resources and from such challenges such as predation, competition, and disease. Organisms would have the capacity to produce populations of great size were it not for the fact that environments and resources are finite. This fundamental tension affects the abundance (number of individuals) of species in any given ecosystem. (HS-LS2-1),(HSLS2-2)

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

Technology is integrated into instruction in meaningful ways. Students and teachers use digital tools and information to solve problems individually and collaboratively to create and communicate knowledge. Embedded resources and activities provide a variety of differentiated learning opportunities to meet the needs of individual students. Activities range in levels outside of grade level to meet the academic needs and learning styles of all students. Resources include: Internet, Web Quests, content-related websites, wireless laptop computers, computer laboratory, classroom computers, SMART Boards, iPads, and video streaming.

8.2.12.ITH.3: Analyze the impact that globalization, social media, and access to open source technologies has had on innovation and on a society's economy, politics, and culture.

Unit 4 Grade 11		
Unit 4 Reading Standards		Unit 4 Reading Critical Knowledge and Skills
RL.11.12.1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	RI.11-12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence, (e.g., via discussion, written response, etc.), to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	 Make personal connections, connections to other texts, and/or global/historical connections when relevant Analyze the text and identify explicit and implicit textual evidence Determine the difference between strong and insufficient (unreliable) details Cite evidence and use direct quotes, paraphrase, objectively summarize (free of personal bias) Draw inferences using implicit and explicit text evidence Draw conclusions/make logical judgments about the information within the text on the basis of evidence and prior conclusions/prior experience Support inference using several examples from the text Evaluate the relationship between explicit and implicit details and how they contribute to the meaning of the text Identify the moments where the author is inconclusive or uncertain and allows the reader to draw conclusions based on textual evidence
RL.11-12.2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account, and provide an objective summary of the text.		 Determine two or more themes or central ideas in a text Recognize supporting details for themes/central ideas Analyze themes/central ideas as it develops over the course of the text Make inferences through the use of details, word choice, and literary elements regarding the thematic development Use the text to draw conclusions Examine how the interaction of themes/central ideas create the overall meaning of the text (and provides depth and dimension) Construct an objective summary of the text

Grade 11		
RL.11-12.3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed). RL.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative	RI.11-12.3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.	 RL.11-12.3: Identify and analyze the choices made by the author including the choice of setting, plot organization and development, characterization and character interaction Explain how the order in which each is presented in the text impacts the overall text Analyze those choices as they pertain to the overall story RI.11-12.3: Identify and evaluate the structure and sequence (chronological, spatial, compare/contrast, etc.) of the text Explain why the structure of the text is ordered as it is Explain how the choices of text structure impact the meaning of the text Assess figurative meaning Determine and evaluate technical meaning (jargon)
meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (e.g., Shakespeare as well as other authors.)		 Identify tone of text Explain how word choice creates tone Explain how the tone supports the overall meaning of the text
RL.11-12.5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.		 Identify the structure of the text (ex. en media res, flashbacks, tragic elements) Describe how an author has chosen to structure a text and order events within it Explain why the author chose that structure and how it enhances the work as a whole Analyze how sequence contributes to the meaning and aesthetic impact
RL.11-12.6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).		 Identify and evaluate the point of view Determine what the text literally and figuratively states Determine what the text actually means, considering satire, sarcasm, irony, and understatement Explain the difference between the literal and the actual meaning as it pertains to the author's purpose
RL.11-12.9. Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early- twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.		 RL.11-12.9: Recognize when an author draws on and then transforms source material (such as a theme or topic) from another text Recognize foundational and canonical American texts Identify and explain how different texts from the same era/genre approach the same theme/topics

RL11-12.10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary: nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR exc complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. • Closely read various forms of literature independently and literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR exc complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. • Closely read various forms of literature independently and literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR exc complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. • Closely read various forms of literature independently and the set of the set of the range. VII 14 22. Writing Standards • Unid Writing Chical Rowledge and Skilb • End with the set of the range. VII 1-12.2. Writing Standards • Unid Writing Chical Rowledge and Skilb • End writing Chical Rowledge and Skilb W11-12.2. Network e a topic: organize complexi ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective, select, organize, and analyze content • Effectively select, organize, and analyze content W11-12.2. Network e a topic: organize complexi ideas, concepts, and information and examples appropriate to the adience's knowledge of the topic, miniferent and varied marinisions and systux to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts, and information to sold end finators, certain advised at marinism as syste and to need writing when useful to relate a spropriate to the adience's knowledge of the topic. W11-12.2. For bords a concluing paragment with the information and examples appropriate to the adinformation specific vocabulary, and figurative langua	Grade 11		
 ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.11-12.2.A. Introduce a topic: organize complex ideas, concepts, and information include formating (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., ornepts, indue and neitex of the topic. W.11-12.2.B. Despective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide e a concluding paragraph or section that flows from any supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or other information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance or and supports the topic). W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, and understand the writing purpose and audience. Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information clearly and accurately Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, urpose and audience. Determine writing task type and audience information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications and systax is is most significant for a specific purpose). Determine writing task type and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand and writing as a pr	and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the	 fluently Demonstrate comprehension of various forms of literary text by showing a steadily growing ability to discern more and make fuller use of text Make connections among ideas and between texts Consider a wider range of textual evidence Become more sensitive to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in texts Determine when comprehension is not occurring, and subsequently employ appropriate reading and note-taking strategies and/or ask for help in order to understand portions of a difficult text
 ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.11-12.2.A. Introduce a topic: organize complex ideas, concepts, and information include formating (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., ornepts, indue and neitex of the topic. W.11-12.2.B. Despective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide e a concluding paragraph or section that flows from any supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or other information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance or and supports the topic). W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, and understand the writing purpose and audience. Determine how many facts, definitions, details, quotations and other information clearly and accurately Use sources that are appropriate to task, audience, and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, urpose and audience. Determine writing task type and audience information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications and systax is is most significant for a specific purpose). Determine writing task type and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand and writing as a pr		exts to examine and convey complex	
 selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.11-12.2.A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.2.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant on and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.D. Use appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.D. Use process language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.F. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the morms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is			
 W.11-12.2.A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.2.B. Develop the topic throughly by selecting the most significant of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.D. Exstablish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and corventions of the topic). W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significant co of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, our typing a new appropriate to ask, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and addeessing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying on wappropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.6. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.6. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific W.11-12.6. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or tr			
 information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.2.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.D. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create colesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphors, initio, and analogies the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.F. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience information or explanation or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planing, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience. 			
 create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., feadings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.2.B. Develop the topic throughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.D. Use performate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.F. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., frand and objective for academic writing) while attending paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information resplanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and audience Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand and utilize revision techniques Plan, revise, edit, revire, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
 figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. W.11-12.2.B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.F. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, eutiting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. 			
 and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.F. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and concentions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience. Determine writing as a proporiate style Understand and utilize appropriate spin ing templates Unde			• Examine and communicate complex ideas, concepts, or information clearly and
 information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. W.11-12.2.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Introduce a topic by arranging ideas, concepts, and information to show interrelationships such as disciplicane of the text, reading the manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. 			
 W.11-12.2.C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience. 	and relevant facts, extended definitions, c	oncrete details, quotations, or other	
major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogiesW.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presentedW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience			
 complex ideas and concepts. W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Choose a formal style and objective tone Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogies Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content Format effectively Organize graphics Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supportiate to task, purpose, and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate style Create and use appropriate style Understand writ			
 W.11-12.2.D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Choose precise words, domain-specific vocabulary, and figurative language, such as similes, metaphors, and analogies Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content Format effectively Organize graphics Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Han, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific 			
such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.			
 W.11-12.2.E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Incorporate analysis of textual evidence to further content Format effectively Organize graphics Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Han, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
 and purpose (e.g. formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure identify and understand the writing purpose. Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand and utilize revision techniques Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
 the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Organize graphics Organize graphics Provide multimedia when useful Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presented Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
 W.11-12.2.F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand and utilize revision techniques Provide multimedia when useful 			
supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).Use transitions and syntax to link together the major sections of the text Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presentedW.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate styleW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniquesPlan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audiencePlan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience			
implications or the significance of the topic).Write a concluding paragraph or section that supports the information presentedW.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate styleW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniquesUnderstand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience			
W.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Determine writing task type and its appropriate organizational structure Identify and understand the writing purpose Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.Identify and understand the writing purposeorganization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.Identify and understand the writing purposeW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniquesW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific 			
 Determine and address the audience (intended reader) appropriately Understand and utilize appropriate style Understand and utilize revision techniques Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
• Understand and utilize appropriate styleW.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.• Create and use appropriate planning templates • Understand and utilize revision techniques • Understand writing as a process • Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience	organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
 W.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Create and use appropriate planning templates Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
 editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, or consulting a style manual (such as MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Understand and utilize revision techniques Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 	W 11-12 5 Develop and strengthen writing	as needed by planning revising	
 MLA or APA Style), focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. Understand writing as a process Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			 Understand and utilize revision techniques
 Plan, revise, edit, rewrite, or try a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose or audience 			
most significant for a specific purpose or audience			
	r r		

Winslow Township School District

English Language Arts

Grade	11

Grade II		
W.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, share, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.	 Use technology proficiently for production, publication, and collaboration Link and cite sources Create shared writing products Adapt writing according to feedback Respond to ongoing feedback utilizing digital software Assess and evaluate feedback from peers 	
W.11-12.7. (Choice) Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	 Conduct short and more sustained research projects Conduct research drawing on multiple sources Understand steps of an investigation Develop an inquiry question Refocus inquiry/generate additional questions when appropriate Know how to broaden or narrow an inquiry Synthesize and summarize information from a variety of sources achieving new insights Evaluate multiple sources and understand their content 	
W.11-12.8. (Choice) Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).	 Gather print and digital information Consider the sources in terms of task, audience, and purpose Assess the validity of each source as it pertains to the specific task, purpose and audience Assess whether information from reliable and authoritative sources is relevant Utilize a variety of sources, not depending on one specific source Paraphrase correctly Follow a standard format for citation (MLA, APA, etc.) 	
 W.11-12.9. (Choice) Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.11-12.9.A. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics"). W.11-12.9.B. Apply grades 11-12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]"). 	 Assess soundness of reasoning and relevance of textual evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research. Analyze in writing how multiple texts examine similar themes or how multiple themes in one text contribute to a larger theme Utilize evidence to support analysis, reflection, and research 	
W.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Design a plan to appropriately match the task, purpose, and audience that incorporates research, reflection, and revision Write routinely over shorter and extended time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences Synthesize research gathered over shorter time frames into a long-term research project Manage a long-term research project that incorporates research, reflection, and revision 	

Unit 4 Speaking and Listening Standards	Unit 4 Speaking and Listening Critical Knowledge and Skills
SL.11-12.1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative	• Effectively participate in one-on-one, group, and teacher-led discussions
discussions (one on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with peers on grade 11	• Prepare for discussions
topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own	Read and research materials beforehand
clearly and persuasively.	 Articulate ideas clearly and persuasively in a discussion
SL11-12.1.A. Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched	• Refer to evidence from texts and other research
material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to	• Draw from and build on the ideas of others in a discussion
evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a	• Clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions in a discussion or collaborative activity
thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	• Set guidelines for class discussions
SL.11-12.1.B. Collaborate with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions	 Establish goals and roles for group members and adhere to assigned roles Participate in polity and demogratic discussions and desiring activities
and decision making, set clear goals and assessments (e.g., student-developed	 Participate in polite and democratic discussions and decision-making activities. Self-monitor the work and assign specific tasks as needed
rubrics), and establish individual roles as needed.	 Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion or collaborative activity
SL.11-12.1.C. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions	 Respect and promote diverse perspectives in a discussion of contaborative activity Encourage others to participate in a discussion or collaborative activity
that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of	 discuss and question the argument and evidence
positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.	• Make certain that a variety of possible arguments have been heard
SL.11.12.1.D. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize	• Respond thoughtfully
comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve	• Summarize where others agree and disagree with ideas and perspectives
contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or	• Continue to propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that
research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.	connect to broader ideas as well as through reflection and evaluation of others'
	comments
SL.11-12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse	• Listen to and evaluate multiple sources of information in diverse formats and
formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, qualitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and	media
accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.	 Utilize multiple sources of information in order to make decisions Evaluate the credibility and accuracy of each source
SL.11-12.3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence	 Evaluate the creationity and accuracy of each source Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the
and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice,	evidence is relevant
points of emphasis, and tone used.	 Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is misleading
	 Move from passive listener to active participant
	• Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone
	• Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning
SL.11-12.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly,	• Evaluate whether the reasoning a speaker uses is logical/legitimate and if the
concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are	evidence is relevant
appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.	• Identify false statements or evidence, judging if any of the speaker's reasoning is
	misleading
	• Use evidence from sources/text to prove fallibility in speaker's reasoning
	 Engage as an active listener and participant Consider and assess the speaker argument organization diation and tone
	• Consider and assess the speaker, argument, organization, diction, and tone

Grade 11		
 SL.11-12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. SL.11-12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. Unit 4 Language Standards L.11-12.1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.11-12.1. A. Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. L.11-12.2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. L.11-12.2.B. Spell correctly. L.11-12.3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to 	 Engage audience and enhance their understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence by incorporating digital media such as textual, graphical, audio, visual, or interactive elements Adapt speech delivery to audience and purpose Understand the difference between formal and informal presentations and demonstrate a command of formal English as necessary Unit 4 Language Critical Knowledge and Skills Recognize and use appropriate grammar and usage in writing and speaking Understand that language and appropriate usage changes Utilize reference materials to help maintain appropriate grammar and usage dependent on the audience and situation Adhere to appropriate writing conventions including capitalization, punctuation including hyphens, and spelling Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different situations 	
 in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.11-12.3.A. Vary syntax for effect; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts. 	 Apply knowledge of language to make effective choices to shape the meaning and style Apply knowledge of language to comprehend more fully when reading, listening, or speaking Consult a style manual, which conforms to discipline-specific guidelines, while writing and editing a work Write using a variety of different syntaxes 	
 L.11-12.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.11-12.4.A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. L.11-12.4.B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). L.11-12.4.C. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage. L.11-12.4.D. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). 	 Use context clues to derive word meaning Use knowledge of Greek and Latin affixes and roots to understand variations of word forms and patterns Consult reference materials to derive word meanings and correct pronunciation of words Trace the etymology of words 	

Grade	11
-------	----

Glaue II		
 L.11-12.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. L.11-12.5.A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. L.11-12.5.B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. 	 Interpret and analyze the use of figurative language within a text, particularly hyperbole and paradox Analyze slight differences in the meanings of words with similar definitions (ex: saunter and walk) 	
L.11-12.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	 Acquire general academic words from content-specific written texts Independently integrate general academic words and domain-specific words into reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level 	
Additional Standards	Resources	
Century 21st Life and Career Standards describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success.	<u>Career Ready Practices</u> U.S. Department of labor <u>Occupational Outlook Handbook</u> Occupational Information Network <u>O*NET</u> <u>New Jersey Student Learning Standards Standard 9 21st Century Life and Careers</u>	
World-class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Standards Framework and its Theoretical Foundations. WIDA draws on multiple theories and approaches in an effort to describe language use in academic contexts; this is the language that language learners must acquire and negotiate to participate successfully in school.	WIDA Proficiency Standards Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards	

This ELA curriculum is designed to meet the needs of all learners: Level I (Special Education, Special Education Modified/General); Level II (College Preparatory); and Level III (Honors). Differentiation, modifications, accommodations, and enrichment suggestions are provided within this curricular framework.

Grade 11 Unit 4: Approaching Realism

Collection 5

Essential Questions

- Does literature reflect "the real world?"
- Can people see "reality' from different perspectives?
- Does where people live shape the way the perceive "reality?"
- Essential Questions for the CCSS Anchor Standards

District/School Formative Assessment Plan	District/School Summative Assessment Plan
• Teacher Created Formative Assessments: Such as <u>3 2 1</u> formative assessment, Exit/Admit Tickets/ One Minute <u>Responses</u> , Short Answer Response Questions, Quick Writes, Quick Quizzes, <u>K.W.L.S</u> .	MLA8.0 Style Research Paper comparing and contrasting Two required text and one optional text in regards the themes or see Primary Focus Writing Task 1 Analytical Essay (see Primary Focus)

Winslow Township School District

English	Language Arts	

Grade 11		
• Performance task assignments following each piece in the section (Mywritesmart, Collections Text pgs 348,357,370,372,380,394, and 399)	Writing Task 2 Argumentative Essay (see Primary Focus) and/or <u>Collections 5 Test</u> (Supports PARCC)	
District/School Texts	District/School Supplementary Resources	
Required: Collections 5 • "To Build a Fire" Lexile 970 • "The Men in the Storm" Lexile 1200 And one or more of the following: • "The Yuckiest Food in the Amazon" Lexile 900 or • "A Journey" Lexile 870 or • "Ode to a Tuna in the Market" Required: Collections 6 • "Winter Dreams" Lexile 1100 • "Ambush" Lexile 950 or • "How it feels to be Colored Me" Lexile 950 or • "The Weary Blues Required: Career Research Project - Task 3 Century 21st Life and Career Standards describe the career-ready skills that all educators in all content areas should seek to develop in their students. They are practices that have been linked to increase college, career, and life success. Career Ready Practices U.S. Department of labor Occupational Outlook Handbook Occupational Information Network Q*NET New Jersey Student Learning Standards Standard 9 21st Century Life and Careers World-class Instructional Design and Assessment (WIDA) Standards Framework and its Theoretical Foundations. WIDA draws on multiple theories and approaches in an effort to describe language use in academic contexts; this is the language that language learners must acquire and negotiate to participate successfully in school. WIDA Proficiency Standards Content Related to WIDA Proficiency Standards Task 3: Career Research Project	Collections Supplements: • Close Reader consumable • Collections Teacher Resources 1 & 6:(Online Resource requires Login) • History.com • A&E • Channel One News • HMHFYI.com • Interactive Lessons Level Up Tutorials • Collections Writing Resources (Online Resource requires Login) Web Resources: • Actively Learn https://read.activelylearn.com • Adolescent Literature http://www.adlit.org/ • Audio Books Synchttp://audiobooksync.com/ • Common Lit Reading CommonLit Free Reading Passages and Literacy Resources • Core Standards Appendix A http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix B.pdf • Core Standards Appendix C http://www.corestandards.org/assets/Appendix C.pdf • Edmodo www.edmodo.com • Free Rice Freerice.com • Internet4Classrooms Internet4Classrooms • Kahoot www.kahoot.com • Khan Academy https://www.hanacademy.org/humanities • Lexile Ranges by Grade Lexile Ranges By Grade • Media Center Database Resources WTHS DATABASES 2017-2018 • News ELA www.Newsela.com • No More Red Ink https://www.noredink.com/ • PBS Learning Media https://www.noredink.com/ •	

Winslow Township School District

English Language Arts

Grade 11		
	Grade	11

Grade 11		
Differentiated Levels of Texts:	Read Write Think <u>www.readwritethink.com</u>	
 Differentiated Levels of Texts: Level I "Confessions of a New Girl" https://www.readworks.org/article/Confessions-of-a-New-Girl/905917f6-06b3-4c53-a144-e41369e9a9f9#!articleTab:content/ Weir, Kristen, "Attack of the Nerves" https://www.readworks.org/article/Mental-and-Emotional-Health/9e6e995b-4477-44a1-abec-Oc4ecf882f7d#!articleTab:content/contentSection:1bcbe8d3-648b-42ec-8feb-a849ce757942/ Steinbeck, John <i>The Pearl</i> Level II "Nature Under Threat" https://www.readworks.org/article/Nature-Under-Threat/09e70562-819c-4130-8608-d2695250779f#!contentSection:d3d173d3-8c85-42d2-a871-128049cb8137/articleTab:content/ "Practice Makes Perfect" https://www.readworks.org/article/Practice-Makes-Perfect/dc50ac79-9d82-4045-8cad-4f58ad23ee91#!articleTab:content/ 	 Read Write Think www.readwritethink.com Root Words <u>http://mseffie.com/assignments/roots/roots.html</u> SAT Prep www.satprep.com Scholastic <u>https://www.scholastic.com/teachers/search-results/?search=1&filters=&text=9-12</u> Teen Ink <u>teenink.com</u> Teen Reads <u>https://www.teenreads.com/</u> Think CERCA ThinkCERCA Personalized Close Reading & <u>Argumentative Writing</u> Tween Tribune <u>www.tweentribune.com</u> Utah Education Network <u>https://www.uen.org/7-12interactives/lang_arts.shtml</u> Vocabulary <u>Vocabulary</u> Vocabulary Test <u>Vocabulary Tests and Games on VocabTest.com - Free Vocabulary</u> TheWeek <u>theweek.com</u> YouTube www.youtube.com Holocaust Resources: <u>Anti-defamation League lesson Plans, Betrayal of Humanity, Story Corp, Facing History and Nicholas Winton</u> 	
 Level III Perengrine, Peter: "Seeking truth among 'alternative facts" <u>https://theconversation.com/seeking-truth-among-alternative-facts-72733</u> "Women Who Challenged Gender Stereotypes" <u>https://www.readworks.org/article/Women-Who-Challenged-Gender-Stereotypes/67b98448-f6d8-456e-a2ce-74859979921e#!articleTab:content/contentSection:d370cfae-8b3b-46a5-a27c-efc431c05242/</u> 	 Grade-Specific Novels and Other Selections (to be implemented at Teacher's discretion): Stephen Crane <u>The Red Badge of Courage</u> Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources <u>https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/</u> 	

	Grade 11			
Optional Texts: Collections 5• "The Jungle" or• "Food Product Design" or• "The Lowest Animal" or• "Genesis of the Tenements" or• "Genesis of the Tenements" or• "Tenement Photos" or• "Child Mortality Rates" or• "America the Story of Us" or• "The Story of an Hour"				
Optional Texts: Collections 6• "Poems of the Harlem Renaissance" or• "Mending Wall" or• "The Death of the Hired Man"				
Independent Reading (Controlled choices by te selected with teacher's approval)	eacher or student			
Required Vocabulary: Sadlier: Vocabulary Workshop Level F (Weekly	y/Biweekly)			
Collections Critical Vocabulary and Vocabulary	Strategies			
Academic Vocabulary (words traditionally used dialogue and text, i.e. annotate, interpret, critiqu <u>www.d93schools.org</u>				
District/School Writing Tasks				
Primary Focus	Secondary Focus	Routine Writing		
Task 1 Write an Analytical Essay	• <u>Required</u> : Language and Style section found within and following each selection	• Journal writing (in particular students can write reactions to selected pieces paying		
This collection opens with the quotation "Reality is that which, when you stop believing in it, doesn't go away." Review the anchor text, "To Build a Fire," and the other collection texts. What particular themes or central ideas does each writer want readers to	• <u>Required:</u> Students should demonstrate use of <i>MLA Handbook</i> (8th Edition) for Style, Formatting, and Research Skills such as: narrowing a topic, citing, finding and evaluating sources, and avoiding plagiarism.	 close attention to intended audience, literary techniques used, rhetorical devices employed, or strengths/ flaws in argument.) Write brief responses to questions (including self-generated questions) to solve 		

Grade 11			
 recognize about reality, and why? What stylistic choices does each author make to reveal a specific version of reality? Synthesize your ideas by writing an analytical essay. An effective analytical essay includes a clear thesis statement, or controlling idea organizes central ideas in a logically structured body that clearly develops the thesis statement uses transitions to create a cohesion between sections of the text and to clarify relationships among ideas includes relevant textual evidence to illustrate central ideas has a concluding section that follows logically from the body Writing Task 2 Choose 2 or more selections from the Collection 5 selections and compare and contrast those selections depictions of reality with your own perception of current day reality. 	Age List of Writing and Media Center Data WTHS DATABA Additional resour Collections Teach Myhrw.com (requ -Grammar not -Interactive Lea -Interactive W -Language Wo - Level Up Tu -WordSharp -Writing and H Age Additional Grammar -Grammarly H -Lynne Truss T Leaves (comm -Patricia T. O'	Research in a Digital d Research Skills abase Resources SES 2017-2018 ces and topics found in <i>er Resources</i> tires login) es essons hiteboard Lessons orkshop torials Research in a Digital ar Resources andbook Eats, Shoots and	problems, to narrow or broaden inquiries, to synthesize multiple sources on a subject, and/or to demonstrate the understanding of a subject under investigation.
Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars			
Instructional Best Practices: • Explicit Instruction • Modeling • Guided Practice • Guided Inquiry • Collaboration		• Connect Interdis newspapers, cur	n <i>Collections</i> and on PARCC sciplinary Content (magazines, articles, rent events) gy to produce, publish, and update individual or

. 1 11

 Independent Practice Reflection Reflection Teacher Read Aloud Strategy (teacher-led, targeted, brief, frequent and content enriching pieces) Differentiated Instruction: Utilize ELL (previously English as a Second Language) support, known as English Language Support, at-risk support, and advanced support strategies and activities suggested in the <i>Collections</i> planning section for each selection. useful for instructional modifications and accommodations to meet the demands of text qualitative measures for acquiring meaning. Bloom Taxonomy Action Verbs Learning Levels for Instruction and Assessment Special Education Modifications, Supplementary Aids and Services, Assistive Devices Further Standards Integration: Review and reinforce skills by utilizing Level Up Tutorials: Making inferences, Main Idea, Supporting Details, Analyzing Arguments, Evidence, Universal and Recurring Themes Weave in Kagan Structures to reinforce objectives and concepts as well as promote peer collaboration and accountability 		
 Review and reinforce Interactive Whiteboard Lessons: Evaluating an Argument, Summarizing Text, Author's Purpose and Perspective, Evaluating Arguments, Theme/Central Idea, Role of Setting <u>Interactive Whiteboard Lessons</u> 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills 		
The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a		

variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.: Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

Grade 11		
Modifications for Special Education/504 Students		
Students with special needs: All lessons are differentiated to accommodate the		
accommodations will be implemented as documented in students' IEP and 504		
considered when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and	•	
 Small group instruction Extended time as needed 		
 Audio books 	 Break down assignments into smaller units 	
 Text-to-speech platforms 	 Provide shortened assignments 	
 Leveled texts Modify testing format 		
 Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and Graphic organizers 		
TweenTribune	 Sentence Starters 	
 Modeling and guided practice 	 Consistent structured routine 	
 Read directions aloud 	 Simple and clear classroom rules 	
 Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions 	 Frequent feedback 	
Modifications for At Risk Students		
Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may		
include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies. Universal Design for Learning (UDL) principles and practices will be considered		
when determining strategies to improve and optimize teaching and learning for all students. With the recognition that time may be a factor in overcoming		
developmental considerations, more time may with a certified instructor be made available to aid students in reaching the standards.		
Modifications/accommodations may include:		
 Audio books 	 Use of computer 	
 Text-to-speech platforms 	 Emphasize/highlight key concepts 	
 Leveled texts 	 Recognize success 	
 Graphic novels 	 Provide timelines for work completion 	
 Leveled informational texts via Actively Learn, Newsela, and TweenTribune 	 Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks 	
 Extended time as needed 	 Provide copy of class notes 	
 Read directions aloud 	 Graphic organizer 	
 Assist with organization 	 Sentence Starters 	

Social Studies:

6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.a: Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to document the ways in which women organized to promote government policies designed to address injustice, inequality, and workplace safety (i.e., abolition, women's suffrage, and the temperance movement).

6.2.12.HistoryUP.2.a: Analyze the impact of new intellectual, philosophical, and scientific ideas on how humans viewed themselves and how they viewed their physical and spiritual worlds.

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

Technology is integrated into instruction in meaningful ways. Students and teachers use digital tools and information to solve problems individually and collaboratively to create and communicate knowledge. Embedded resources and activities provide a variety of differentiated learning opportunities to meet the needs of individual students. Activities range in levels outside of grade level to meet the academic needs and learning styles of all students. Resources include: Internet, Web Quests, content-related websites, wireless laptop computers, computer laboratory, classroom computers, SMART Boards, iPads, and video streaming.

• 8.2.12.ITH.3: Analyze the impact that globalization, social media, and access to open source technologies has had on innovation and on a society's economy, politics, and culture.